

Environmental Impact Assessment [version 1.0]

		600,
Proposal title: Direct Award of Bristol Primary Care Sex	ual Health Services Contracts	
Project stage and type: Initial Idea Mandate		ıll Business Case
☐ Policy ☐ Strategy ☐ Function ☒ Service	□ New □ C	hanging
Other [please state]	⋈ Already exists / review	0 0
Directorate: People	Lead Officer name: Dr Joanna Cop	ping
Service Area: Communities and Public Health	Lead Officer role: Consultant in Pu	blic Health Medicine
Step 1: What do we want to do?		
The purpose of this Environmental Impact Assessment is compliant with the council's policies and supports the contract Strategy, the One City Ecological Emergency Strategy and	ouncil's strategic objectives under the	
This assessment should be started at the beginning of the knowledge of the project, the service area that will deliving changes as needed.		_
It is good practice to take a team approach to completing guidance on completing this document. Please contact to advice and feedback.	-	
 What are the aims and objectives/purp Briefly explain the purpose of the proposal and why it is acronyms. To seek approval to make a direct award of the contract general practices and community pharmacies that can be a seen as a second community pharmacies. 	needed. Please use <u>plain English</u> , avo ts for Bristol's primary care sexual he	alth services to
April 2025 and delegated authority to formalise the ser local requirements.	·	-
1.2 Will the proposal have an environmental Could the proposal have either a positive or negative eff explain why you are sure there will be no environmental Sustainable City and Climate Change Service.	ects for the environment now or in th	
If 'Yes' complete the rest of this assessment.		
1.3 If the proposal is part of an options appra- been assessed and included in the recommendation of the environmental consistency of the project management options appraise.	mendation-making process? tal impacts of each option are made o	
☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not applicable	[nlease select]	
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable	[please select]	

If 'No' explain why environmental impacts have not been considered as part of the options appraisal process.

Step 2: What kinds of environmental impacts might the project have?

Analysis of impacts must be rigorous. Please demonstrate your analysis of any impacts of the proposal in this section, referring to evidence you have gathered. See detailed <u>guidance documents</u> for advice on identifying potential impacts.

2.1 Does the proposal create any benefits for the environment, or have any adverse impacts?

Outline any potential benefits of the proposal and how they can be maximised. Identify how the proposal will support our corporate environmental objectives and the wider One City Climate and Ecological Emergency strategies.

Consider how the proposal creates environmental impacts in the following categories, both now and in the future. Reasonable efforts should be made to quantify stated benefit or adverse impacts wherever possible.

Where the proposal is likely to have a beneficial impact, consider what actions would enhance those impacts. Where the proposal is likely to have a harmful impact, consider whether actions would mitigate these impacts.

Enhancements or mitigation actions are only required when there is a likely impact identified. Remember that where enhancements or mitigation actions are listed, they should be assigned to staff and appropriately resourced.

GENERAL COMMENTS (highlight any potential issues that might impact all or many categories)

The most significant adverse impacts of this proposal relate to single-use plastics, for example plastic speculums, and the prescribing of medicines, which account for around 25% of carbon emissions within the NHS: Pharmacy's Role in Climate Action and Sustainable Healthcare | RPS (rpharms.com). The NHS Long Term Plan was published in January 2019. It outlines some key commitments to help the NHS be a low carbon institution and lead by example in sustainable development. These commitments include:

- Reducing carbon emissions
- Improving air quality
- Reduction of single use plastics
- Improving efficiency and adopting new innovations to reduce waste, water and carbon.

Delivering the proposed services in the community at general practices and community pharmacies local to where residents live would result in environmental benefits through a reduced travel need, and therefore a reduction in associated emissions and air pollution. It may also increase active transport and have a positive impact on people's physical activity.

Local authority-commissioned primary care sexual health services are one small aspect of the broader health services that primary care providers offer, which come with wider implications around estates, waste management, pollution and complexity of supply chains that are beyond the scope of this assessment. The local authority are keen to work collaboratively with the providers to reduce the environmental impact of the services we commission.

ENV1 Carbon neutral: Emissions of climate changing gases BCC has committed to achieving net zero emissions for its direct activities by	Benefits	Enabling people to access healthcare in the community and closer to home reduces the need for people to travel from across Bristol to a single or small number of locations. By having services closer to where people live this will may encourage more people to walk or cycle to their general practice or community pharmacy, having a positive impact on their physical activity.
2025, and to support the city		

in achieving net zero by 2030.					
2030.					
Will the proposal involve	Enhancing				
transport, or the use of	actions				
energy in buildings? Will the					
proposal involve the					
purchase of goods or					
services? If the answer is yes	Persistence	of effects:	☐ 1 year or less	□ 1 – 5 years	
to either of these questions,		Medicine	s account for ~25% o	of carbon emissions with	in the NHS, the
there will be a carbon				to be 6.1MtCO₂e in 2020	· ·
impact.	_			ice.pdf (england.nhs.uk))	
,	Adverse	· ·		nonal contraceptives wil	
Consider the scale and	impacts	-		a very small scale. In 202	
timeframe of the impact,				nsed emergency hormo	
particularly if the proposal				,700 young women aged	
will lead to ongoing				ave a professional respo	
emissions beyond the 2025			•	of medicines and to decr	•
and 2030 target dates.				risk of all pharmaceutical	
una 2000 target dates.	Mitigating	-		le use of medicines will be	
Further guidance	actions		the service specificat		oc explicitly
		Stated III	ine service speciment		
☐ No impact					
	Persistence	of effects:	☐ 1 year or less	☐ 1 – 5 years	⊠ 5+ years
	1				
ENV2 Ecological recovery:					
Wildlife and habitats					
BCC has committed to 30%					
of its land being managed	Benefits				
for nature and to halve its					
use of pesticides by 2030.					
Consider how your proposal					
can support increased space					
for nature, reduced use of	Enhancing				
pesticides, reduce pollution	actions				
to waterways, and reduce					
consumption of products					
that undermine ecosystems	Persistence	of effects:	☐ 1 year or less	□ 1 – 5 years	☐ 5+ years
around the world.					
If your proposal will directly	Adverse				
lead to a reduction in habitat	impacts				
within Bristol, then consider					
how your proposed					
mitigation can lead to a					
biodiversity net gain. Be sure					
to refer to quantifiable	Mitigating				
changes wherever possible.	actions				
<u>Further guidance</u>					
⊠ No impact	Persistence	of effects:	☐ 1 year or less	□ 1 – 5 years	☐ 5+ years

ENV3 A cleaner, low-waste city: Consumption of resources and generation of waste	Benefits				
Consider what resources will be used as a result of the proposal, how they can be	Enhancing actions				
minimised or swapped for less impactful ones, where they will be sourced from, and what will happen to any waste generated	Adverse impacts	High singl speculum	s. In 2022-23, there	□ 1 – 5 years Ig coils through the use of	or contraceptive
Further guidance No impact	Mitigating actions	speculum the specif made nat <u>Sustainab</u> (rcgp.org.	s by making this a ke ication, and clearly s ionally by the Royal <u>le development, clin</u> uk) and the Royal Ph	ve towards re-usable sta ey future service sustains state support for the cor College of General Pract nate change and green i narmaceutical Society: Pable Healthcare RPS (r	ability goal in nmitments itioners: <u>ssues</u> harmacy's Role
	Persistence	of effects:	☐ 1 year or less	☐ 1 – 5 years	⊠ 5+ years
ENV4 Climate resilience: Bristol's resilience to the effects of climate change	Benefits				
Bristol's resilience to the	Benefits Enhancing actions				
Bristol's resilience to the effects of climate change Bristol's climate is already changing, and increasingly frequent instances of extreme weather will become more likely over time. Consider how the proposal will perform during periods of extreme weather (particularly heat and flooding).	Enhancing	of effects:	☐ 1 year or less	□ 1 – 5 years	☐ 5+ years
Bristol's resilience to the effects of climate change Bristol's climate is already changing, and increasingly frequent instances of extreme weather will become more likely over time. Consider how the proposal will perform during periods of extreme weather (particularly heat and	Enhancing actions Persistence		☐ 1 year or less	□ 1 – 5 years	☐ 5+ years

Statutory duty: Prevention of Pollution to air, water, or land	Benefits				
Consider how the proposal will change the likelihood of	Enhancing actions				
pollution occurring to air, water, or land and what steps will be taken to prevent pollution occurring.	Adverse impacts	of effects:	□ 1 year or less	□ 1 – 5 years	□ 5+ years
Further guidance No impact	Mitigating actions Persistence	of effects:	□ 1 year or less	□ 1 – 5 years	□ 5+ years

Step 3: Actions

3.1 Action Plan

Use this section summarise and assign responsibility for any actions you have identified to improve data, enhance beneficial, or mitigate negative impacts. Actions identified in section two can be grouped together if named responsibility is under the same person.

This action plan should be updated at each stage of the project. Please be aware that the Sustainable City and Climate Change Service may use this action plan as an audit checklist during the project's implementation or operation.

Enhancing / mitigating action required	Responsible Officer	Timescale
All actions listed in ENV1 and ENV3	F Altinoluk-Davis	31/03/2024

Step 4: Review

The Sustainable City and Climate Change Service need at least five working days to comment and feedback on your impact assessment. Assessments should only be marked as reviewed when they provide sufficient information for decision-makers on the environmental impact of the proposal. Please seek feedback and review from the Sustainable City and Climate Change Service before final submission of your decision pathway documentation¹.

¹ Review by the Sustainable City and Climate Change Service confirms there is sufficient analysis for decision makers to consider the likely environmental impacts at this stage. This is not an endorsement or approval of the proposal.

Where impacts identified in this assessment are deemed significant, they will be summarised here and included on the cover sheet of the decision pathway documentation.

Summary of significant beneficial impacts and opportunities to support the Climate, Ecological and Corporate
Strategies (ENV1,2,3,4):
Summary of significant adverse impacts and how they can be mitigated:

Environmental Performance Team Reviewer:	Submitting author:
Daniel Shelton	Filiz Altinoluk-Davis
Date:	Date:
11/08/2023	11/08/2023